Safety Data Sheet Chiu Tze Chemical Co., Ltd.

1. Product and Manufacturer Information

Product name: Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate

Other names: --

Product use: Industrial solvent for cleaner and coating formulations

Manufacturer or Supplier: Chiu Tze Chemical Co., Ltd.

Address: No. 818, Baiyu S. Rd., Guanyin Dist., Taoyuan City 328, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

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2. Hazard Identification

Hazard Material Category: 1. Flammable liquid: Category 3

2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A





Label Statements : Flammable liquid . Warning

Sign: Warning

Hazard Statements: 1. Flammable liquid and vapor

2. Causes eye irritation

Precautionary Statements: 1. Store in a well-ventilated place

2. Keep container tightly closed and cool.

3. Avoid eye contact

4. Away from any source of ignition

Others:

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name: Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate

Synonymous Name:

1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate, Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate, Acetic acid,

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ester, PGMEA, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate,

1-Methoxy-2-acetoxypropane, 2-Acetoxy-1-methoxypropane, Propylene glycol 1-methyl ether,

2-acetate, PMA

CAS No.: 108-65-6

Percentage of Hazardous Ingredient: 100%

4. First Aid Measures

The First Aid Measures for Different Exposure Routes:

- **Inhalation**: Remove the person from the source of exposure and seek for medical advice
- Skin Contact: Flush the affected area with clean water and seek for medical advice
- Eye Contact: Flush the affected area with clean water and seek for medical advice
- **Ingestion**: Do not eat anything else, if may, drink some water and seek for medical help immediately

The Worst Symptoms: One may experience headache, stomach upset or fainted

Note to First-aid Personnel: Wear Class C protection equipment

Note to Doctor: No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be focused on the control of symptoms of the patient

Firefighting Guide

Fire Extinguisher: Carbon Dioxide, Alcohol Resistant Foam, Chemical Arid Powder or Mist

Special occasions may occur during fire:

- 1. The smoke may contain the original material in addition to varying compositions of toxic or irritating combustion products.
- 2. The vapors are heavier than air and may travel a long distance and accumulated in low areas. Flashback may occur.

Firefighting Guidelines:

- 1. Keep people away then isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry
- 2. Remove the container away from the firing place, if possible
- 3. Fire at storage areas: Apply auto frame controlling kit or auto-spraying nozzle until the fire has been extinguished
- 4. Do not use direct water stream which may spread fire
- 5. Evacuate immediately if tank safety valve sounded or color changed
- 6. Cool down the tanks or the containers with mist until the fire has been extinguished

Special Equipment for Firefighters: Respirators, protective gloves and fire clothing

6. Act of Leaking

Individual Precaution:

- 1. Isolate any irrelevant person from the leak until the leakage is cleaned
- 2. Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of leak to avoid fire or explosion
- 3. Only trained people are allowed to clean up the leakage

Environmental Precaution:

- 1. Stop further leaking if possible
- 2. Prevent the leakage from entering into soil and sewerage

Cleaning Methods:

- 1. Reduce vapor by mist and collect the leakage by dirt or sand
- 2. Gather the pelleted sands into properly labeled containers
- 3. Contact emergency center for massive leakage

7. Handling and Storage Methods

Handling:

- 1. Away from any source of ignition
- 2. Avoid direct contact with eyes, skins and clothing and inhalation
- 3. Operation needs to be done in a well-ventilated place
- 4. Smoking is extremely prohibited
- 5. Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain vapors; therefore, do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near empty containers

- 1. Store away from direct sunlight an minimize sources of ignition such as static build up, heat, spark or flame
- 2. All sorts of containers have to be tightly closed and labeled all the time
- 3. Storages have to be away from any incompatible materials
- 4. Examine the containers for leakage periodically

8. Exposure Controls

Engineering Controls:

- 1. Use local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below requirements
- 2. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements, general ventilation should be sufficient for daily uses

Control Parameters			
TWA	STEL	CEILING	BEIs
50 ppm	100 ppm		

Individual protection measures:

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements, wear respiratory protection when one experienced adverse effects such as irritation or discomfort

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Hand protection: Wear chemical protective gloves **Eye protection**: Use safety glasses with side shields

Skin and Body protection: Wear clean, body covering clothing

Hygiene measures:

- 1. After duty one should take off contaminated clothes, if any, clean thoroughly before next use or disposal. Laundry worker must be advised about the hazard
- 2. No food or smoking at workplace
- 3. Keep the workplace clean and neat

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Liquid	Odor: Ether	
Odor threshold: —	Melting point: Not applicable to liquids	
рН:-	Boiling point: 146°C	
Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable to	Flash Point: 42°C	
liquids-	Test method: closed cup	
Decomposition temp.: —		
Auto-ignition temp.: 354°C	Explosion limit : $1.5\% \sim 7.0\% (200$ °C)	
Vapor pressure: 3.8 mmHg @25°C	Vapor density: (air=1)4.6	
Density : 0.966 (Water=1)	Solubility : Solubility with waterish 18.5%,	
	could be dissolved in organic solvent	
Log Kow: -	Evaporation Rate : 0.39 (Butyl acetate=1)	

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Stable under recommended storage conditions

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Prevent contact with air for a long period of time or it may form peroxides.

Conditions to avoid: Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose. Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems. Avoid static discharge.

Incompatible materials: Strong Acids, strong bases and strong oxidizers

Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological Information

Route of exposure: Skin, inhalation, ingestion, eyes

Symptoms: Irritation, headache, dizziness and drowsiness

Acute toxicity:

Skin: Prolonged and repeated contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness

Inhalation: Brief exposure (minutes) is not likely to cause adverse effects; however, the risk will incur by higher temperature. Symptoms could be coughing, headache, throat irritation and sneezing.

Oral: Low toxicity if swallowed, adverse effects are likely to occur with large amount of swallow.

LD50: 8532 mg/kg (Rat, Swallow) LC50: 4345 ppm/6H (Rat, Inhalation)

Eyes: May cause slight temporary eye irritation and slight injury to cornea.

Chronic Toxicity or Long Term Effects:

Symptoms of excessive exposure may affect respiratory system, liver and kidney; lethargy may be observed.

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: LC50 (Fish): -

EC50 (Aquatic Invertebrates): –

Bio concentration factor (BCF): -

Persistence and degradability:

Photodegradation

Half-life (air):

Half-life (Water surface): -

Half-life (Groundwater): -

Half-life (Soil):-

Bioaccumulative potential: Low

Mobility in soil: Potential for mobility in soil is very high

Other adverse effects: -

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13. Disposal Considerations

Waste treatment methods:

- 1. Incineration
- 2. Bury
- 3. Any disposal practice must be in compliance with local regulations and laws

14. Transport Information

UN number : 1993

UN shipping name: 1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate

Transport hazard class(es): 3

Packing group: III

Environmental hazards: Not considered environmental hazardous

Special precautions: —

15. Regulatory Information

Applicable regulations:

- 1. Occupational safety and health act
- 2. Regulations for the Labeling and Hazard Communication of Hazardous Chemicals
- 3. Road and traffic safety rules
- 4. Methods and Facilities Standards for the Storage, Clearance and Disposal of Industrial Waste
- 5. Public Hazardous Materials and Flammable Pressurized Gases Establishment Standards and Safety Control Regulations
- 6. Assessment and Classification of Hazardous Chemicals Regulation

16. Other Information

References	 RTECS Database , TOMES CPS CD , Vol.71 , 2007 ChemWatch Database , 2007-1 OHS MSDS Database , 2007 HSDB Database , TOMES CPS CD , Vol.71 , 2007
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